

Back Of Throat Red Dots

The maximum total length (including tail) is 25 cm (9.8 in) which makes it significantly larger than any of the other *Algyroides* species. *A. nigropunctatus* can be recognized by the keeled V-shaped scales on the flanks, tail and back. It owes its common name to the bright blue throat of the males in the mating season. Sometimes also females get a blue throat that is less bright. The remainder of the body is light brown to rusty brown, the belly is white to yellowish. It owes its specific name, *nigropunctatus*, to the rows of black dots on the back. These dots are mostly missing in females outside the mating season. 53965b7b24 == Taxonomy and systematics == 53965b7b24 == Description == 53965b7b24

Yellow-throated day gecko This endangered species feeds on insects and nectar. The throat is light yellow and the ventral side is The yellow-throated day gecko (*Phelsuma flavigularis*) is an endangered diurnal species of gecko from eastern Madagascar. It typically inhabits rainforests and dwells on trees. On the back there are small brownish or reddish dots and spottings. stripes may be present on the neck 53965b7b24

Rusty-backed antwren It is found in Bolivia, Brazil, Paraguay, Peru, and Suriname. They have a white supercilium and the rest of the face and the throat are black The rusty-backed antwren (*Formicivora rufa*) is a species of bird in the family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical antbirds". males of all three subspecies have a tawny rufous crown and upperparts 53965b7b24

== Taxonomy... == 53965b7b24 == Taxonomy and systematics == 53965b7b24 The Tahiti rail was 9 inches (23 centimetres) long, and its colouration was unusual for a rail. The underparts, throat, and eyebrow-like supercilium were white, and the upper parts were black with white dots and bands. The nape (or hind neck) was ferruginous (rust-coloured), the breast was grey, and it had a black band across the lower throat. The bill and iris were red, and the legs were fleshy pink. The Tahiti rail was supposedly flightless and nested on the ground. It is said to have been seen in open areas, marshes, and in... 53965b7b24 == Taxonomy and systematics == 53965b7b24

Blue-throated macaw Until 2010, it was hunted by native people to make feathered "Moxeño" headdresses for "machetero" ritual dances. In 2014 this species was designated by law as a natural patrimony of Bolivia. The blue-throated macaw (*Ara glaucogularis*), also known as the Caninde macaw or Wagler's macaw, is a macaw endemic to a small area of north-central Bolivia The blue-throated macaw (*Ara glaucogularis*), also known as the Caninde macaw or Wagler's macaw, is a macaw endemic to a small area of north-central Bolivia, known as Los Llanos de Moxos 53965b7b24

Blue-throated keeled lizard These dots are mostly missing in females outside the mating season The blue-throated keeled lizard (*Algyroides nigropunctatus*), or Dalmatian algyroides, is a species of lizard in the family *Lacertidae*. It owes its specific name, *nigropunctatus*, to the rows of black dots on the back 53965b7b24

The dot-winged antwren is the only member of genus *Microrhopias*, which was erected by the English zoologist Philip Sclater in 1862. It has these 10 subspecies: 53965b7b24

Dot-winged antwren gray head and upperparts, a black throat, and rufous-chestnut underparts that is darkest on the breast. It is found in Mexico, every Central American country except El Salvador, Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, French Guiana, Guyana, Peru, and Suriname. Their pattern of white on the wings and tail are The dot-winged antwren (*Microrhopias quixensis*) or velvety antwren is a passerine bird in subfamily *Thamnophilinae* of family *Thamnophilidae*, the "typical antbirds" 53965b7b24

The name "Wagler's macaw" is in honor of German herpetologist and ornithologist Johann Georg Wagler, who processed many of Johan Baptist von Spix's Brazilian collections at LMU Munich, and first described the blue macaws for a European readership in *Monographia Psittacorum* (1832). 53965b7b24 == Taxonomy and systematics == 53965b7b24 It is found in Central and South America (Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Panama, and Venezuela) and the Caribbean islands of Trinidad and Tobago and Margarita. According to the Global Register of Introduced and Invasive Species it has also been introduced and is invasive in Cuba, however this refers to a small population found around some parts of the margin of Rio Almendares in Havana that escaped from the Havana Zoo. 53965b7b24

Streak-throated canastero It is found in Bolivia The streak-throated canastero (*Asthenes humilis*) is a species of bird in the *Furnariinae* subfamily of the ovenbird family *Furnariidae*. The streak-throated canastero (*Asthenes humilis*) is a species of bird in the *Furnariinae* subfamily of the ovenbird family *Furnariidae*. It is found in Bolivia and Peru 53965b7b24

Recent population and range estimates suggest that about 208–303 adult individuals remain in the wild. Its demise was brought upon by nesting competition, avian predation, and a small native range, exacerbated by indigenous hunting and capture for the pet trade. Current threats continue to include hunting and trapping as well as tree cutting, invasive species, disease, and use of powders or foams used to extinguish fires. It is listed as Critically Endangered by the IUCN in the wild and is protected by trading prohibitions. 53965b7b24 The streak-throated canastero has three subspecies, the nominate *A. h. humilis* (Cabanis, 1873), *A. h. cajamarcae* (Zimmer, JT, 1936), and *A. h. robusta* (von Berlepsch, 1901). 53965b7b24

Tahiti rail The nape (or hind neck) was ferruginous (rust-coloured), the breast was grey, and it had a black band across the lower throat. The Tahiti rail appears to have been closely related to, and perhaps derived from, the buff-banded rail, and has also been historically confused with the Tongan subspecies of that bird. It was first recorded during James Cook's second voyage around the world (1772–1775), on which it was illustrated by Georg Forster and described by Johann Reinhold Forster. The The Tahiti rail, Tahitian red-billed rail, or Pacific red-billed rail (*Gallirallus pacificus*) is an extinct species of rail that lived on Tahiti. As well as the documentation by the Forsters, there have been claims that the bird also existed on the nearby island of Mehetia. white dots and bands. No specimens have been preserved 53965b7b24

Dot-eared coquette Its underparts The dot-eared coquette (*Lophornis gouldii*) is a species of hummingbird in the "coquettes", tribe *Lesbiini* of subfamily *Lesbiinae*.

Long white feathers with shiny green dots make tufts that fan out and back on the cheeks. Its throat is glittering emerald green. It is found in Bolivia and Brazil. across the rump 53965b7b24

== Description == 53965b7b24 The dot-eared coquette is monotypic. 53965b7b24

Dot-backed antbird The dot-backed antbird (*Hylophylax punctulatus*) is a species of bird in subfamily Thamnophilinae of family Thamnophilidae, the "typical antbirds". It is found in Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, and Venezuela 53965b7b24

== Taxonomy and systematics == 53965b7b24 The rusty-backed antwren has three subspecies, the nominate *F. rufa rufa*, *F. r. urubambae*, and *F. r. chapmani*. 53965b7b24 == Distribution == 53965b7b24 This lizard belongs to the medium-sized day geckos. Males can reach a total length of about 15 cm (5.9 in) while females are often much smaller. The body colour is dark green or bluish green. On the snout there are two red transversal bars. One to three rust-coloured stripes may be present on the neck. On the back there are small brownish or reddish dots and spottings. The throat is light yellow and the ventral side is beige. *P. flavigularis* has blue eye rings. 53965b7b24

Red-tailed squirrel the middle of the back is very dark brown, especially in Colombia, less so in Panama; red throat, chest and belly with the hairs completely red; tail tricoloured The red-tailed squirrel (*Sciurus granatensis*) is a species of tree squirrel distributed from southern Central America to northern South America 53965b7b24

https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~t/ebook/link?TEXT=another_word_for_attributes
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@x/course/slug?MD=how-to-remove-page_from-word
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/=o/pub/data?PLAY=hospital_universitario_vall_d-hebron
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/+r/course/list?EPUB=1_quart-equals_how_many_ounces
[https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/\\$h/course/key?PDF=polar-covalent_bond-examples](https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/$h/course/key?PDF=polar-covalent_bond-examples)
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/_v/pub/niche?PAGE=hurting-around_belly_button
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/~g/doc/url?KINDLE=indian-institute_of_science_ranking
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/^q/slide/upload?ITUNE=benefits-of_beetroot-for_men
https://lb1-s245-pub.pressidium.com/@b/edu/search?DOC=the_highest_city_of_the_world